

# **SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR**

**Department of Political Science,**

**M. A in Political Science**  
**(Semester with Credit System)**

**Syllabus for M.A – Part I**  
**(Semesters I & II)**

**Commencing from June 2008.**

**Department of Political Science**  
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## **SYLLABUS OF M.A. PART-I POLITICAL SCIENCE**

Political Science is one of the important Subjects in Social Science, which deals with state rights and duties of the citizens and public administration. It is called Master Science. Postgraduate course in Political Science will impart basic principles of the subject. Following are the objectives of the course.

### **Objectives**

1. To enable students to understand the entire scope of subject of Political science.
2. To appraise students of recent trends in Political Science.
3. To enable students to understand rights and duties of citizens.
4. To appraise students of changing social and political situation in India and in the world.
5. To develop inter disciplinary and Comprehensive understanding among the students about political reality.

### **NEW SYLLABUS FOR SEMESTER SYSTEM**

1. New syllabus will be introduced from the year 2008-2009 for M.A. Part I and from the year 2009-10 for M.A. part II students.
2. It would be Semester with credit system and continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE).
3. Entire course will be of 1600 marks with each semester having 400 marks. Each paper will be of 100 marks. Thus, there will be 16 papers for the entire course.
4. The papers will be divided between two groups- Core Group and Elective Group. The number for Core Group is SOC-PSC and for Elective Group - SOC-PSE. Paper Numbers for Core Group are Group D Papers I to IV and for Elective Group D1 Paper Numbers 1 to 18

5. Each paper consists of four Units and each unit consists of three to four sub-units. Total lecturing hours will be sixty : 15 Lectures per Unit.
6. There will be Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) System within the Semester System.  
In this System, 20 marks are allotted for Internal Assessment and 80 Marks for the Semester Examination that will be held by the end of each term.

### **Division of Internal Assessment:**

During every Semester, students will submit two home assignments of 5 marks each for every paper and one Internal Test of 10 marks during each semester for each paper.

- **Re-examination** of the students failed in Internal System, will be organized by the Head of the Department.

### **7. Standard of Passing**

- a) Minimum standard of passing for CIA is 8 and the students should secure minimum 4 marks in each head of passing.
- b) The students should secure minimum 32 marks in the Semester examination in each paper.
- c) The students must pass in both the heads (CIE & Semester Exam) of passing separately.

### **8. Credit System:**

- a) Each paper carries 4 credit points and Marks obtained by the students will be converted into grade points, according to following table

Marks Obtained	Grade Points
0-39	0
40-44	1
45-49	2
50-54	3
55-59	4
60-69	5
70-74	6
75-79	7
80-84	8
85-89	9
90-94	10
95-100	11

### **The Assesment of the Student**

For every paper there are four credits. The performance of the students would be measured by Credit Points. The credit points would be calculated by the formula:

Grade points obtained by student X 4 Credits

Thus, the student must obtain minimum 1 grade point in each paper leading to four credit points & for all four papers of a Semester total 16 credit points would be required for passing.

The student's performance for every Semester would be done by Grade. The Grade would be determined according to following table-

Credit points in all four papers	Grade
16	C
32	C+
48	B
64	B+
80	A
96	A+
112	O

**Political Science M. A. – Part I – Semester I**  
**Core papers ( SOC, Group D, PSC)**

- 1) 01 Political Theory
- 2) 02 Theory of Public Administration

**Elective Papers – SOC, Group D1, PSE**

Students can select any two papers from the following elective papers.

- 1) 01 - Indian Constitution & Government
- 2) 02 - Modern Indian Political Thought
- 3) 03 - Development Administration in India
- 4) 04 - Foundations of India's Foreign policy
- 5) 05 - State in Ancient India
- 6) 06 - Political Sociology
- 7) 07 - Politics of Developing Countries
- 8) 08 - Women & Political Theory
- 9) 09 - The Theories & causes of Social Exclusion and Discrimination. (inter-disciplinary Paper)

## **Political Science M. A. - Part I - Semester – II**

### **Core Papers (SOC, Group D, PSC)**

- 1) 03 - Political Theory of Democracy & Development
- 2) 04 - Government & Administration

### **Elective Papers ( SOC, Group D1, PSE)**

Students can select any two papers from the following elective papers.

- 1) 10 - Political Process in India
- 2) 11 - Modern Indian Political Thought-Sarvodaya, Socialism & Democracy
- 3) 12 - Development & Planning in India
- 4) 13 - India's Foreign Policy – Politics of Disarmament & Peace
- 5) 14 - Government in Ancient India
- 6) 15 - Politics & Modernization
- 7) 16 - Nation Building & Post Colonial State
- 8) 17 - Women & Politics
- 9) 18 - Inclusive Policies for Eliminating Discrimination (Inter-disciplinary paper)

# **Syllabus : M.A.I -Semester - I**

## **M. A. Part I (Core Papers)**

### **⇒ Semester I**

#### **✧ Political Theory - SOC Group D – PSC - 01**

- 1) Nature of Political Theory.
  1. Nature and scope of Political Theory.
  2. Relevance of Classical Political Theory.
  3. Causes of decline of Political Theory and nature of its revival.
- 2) Authority
  - a) Study of Concepts of Power, Authority and Legitimacy
  - b) Grounds of Political Obligation.
- 3) Liberal Democratic theory of State
  - a) Classical-Liberal State
  - b) Welfare State
  - c) Theory of overloaded State
- 4) Marxist Theory of State:
  - a) Marx and Engels on State  
Lenin on State  
Mao-Tse-Tung on State
  - b) Neo-Marxist Theory of State:
    - i) Instrumentalist theory of state
    - ii) Structuralist theory of state

### **References**

- 1) Freidrich C. H. An Introduction to Political Theory.
- 2) Ernest Barkar, Principles of Social & Political Theory, Oxford, 1976
- 3) Ashirvadam & Misra, Political Theory, S Chand, Delhi 2004.
- 4) Dr. A.H. Doctor, Issues in Political Theory
- 5) Lass let Peter & Runciman W.C.(ed) Philosophy, Politics & Society, (3<sup>rd</sup> Series) Oxford, Blackwell, 1976
- 6) Mac Iver, Modern State, OUP, 1926
- 7) Verma S.P. Modern Political Theory, Vikas, Delhi, 1913

- 8) Carnoy, State and Political Theory, Princeton, 1984
- 9) Strauss L. What is political Philosophy & other essays, Glencoe, Free Press, 1959.
- 10) A Brecht, Political Theory-Foundations of 20<sup>th</sup> century Political Theory, Bombay, 1965.
- 11) David Held, Political Theory & Modern State, Polity, 1984.
- 12) Cresingay D. and Minogue (Ed) Contemporary Political Thinkers, Methuan, London, 1975.
- 13) Quinton A (Ed) Political Philosophy, Oxford, 1967.
- 14) Bena and Peters Social Principles & Democratic State, George Alien & Unwin, 1959
- 15) गर्दे दि. का. राजकीय सिध्दांत महाराष्ट्र विद्यापीठ ग्रंथनिर्मिती मंडळ, नागपूर 1978
- 16) भोळे भास्कर, आधुनिक राजकीय सिध्दांत व विश्लेषण, श्रीविद्या, नागपूर 2004.
- 17) रेगे, मे. पु. स्वातंत्र्य, समता, न्याय मौज, मुंबई, 2005.

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### ✳ **Theory of Public Administration SOC-PSC-02**

- 1) Nature, Scope and Significance of Public Administration
  - a) Meaning and significance of Public administration.
  - b) Integral and Managerial View of Public Administration.
  - c) Scope of Public Administraion.
- 2) Approaches to the Study of Public Administration
  - a) Liberal - Democratic Approach.
  - b) Marxist Approach.
  - c) Decision Making Approach.
- 3) Organisation:
  - a) Bases of Organisation
  - b) Principles of Organisation
  - c) Line, Staff and Auxiliary Agencies.
- 4) Public Corporations
  - a) Types of Public Corporations
  - b) Problem of Autonomy and accountability
  - c) Nature of parliamentary control.

### **References:**



- 1) Dimock and Dimock - Public Administration, Oxford, 1975
- 2) Basu D.D., Administrative Law, Prentice Hall, 1996
- 3) Rumki Basu, Public Administration, Concepts and Theories (2<sup>nd</sup> Ed.) Sterling, New Delhi, 1990
- 4) S.R. Maheswari, Theories and Concepts in Public Administration, Allied Delhi, 1991.
- 5) R. Avasthi S. and Maheswari, Public Administration, Agra, Laxminarain Aggarwal, Agra, 1996
- 6) Sharma M.P. & Sadana, B.L., Public Administration Theory and Practice.
- 7) L.D. White, Introduction to the Study of Public Administration, New York, Mcmillan, 1955
- 8) एन. आर. इनामदार – लोकप्रशासन, महाराष्ट्र विद्यापीठ ग्रंथ निर्मिती मंडळ, नागपूर, 1975.
- 9) गदें,दि. का. – लोकप्रशासन – तंत्र व मंत्र, नागपूर 1980.

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## **Semester I (Elective Papers)**

### **⇒ Indian Constitution and Government**

#### **✧ SOC D1-PSE-Paper 01**

- 1) The making of India's Constitution:
  - a) Constitutional Development, of India (1909 to 1935)
  - b) Impact of Freedom Movement
  - c) The Role of Constituent Assembly
- 2) The Philosophy of Indian Constitution:
  - a) Preamble
  - b) Fundamental Rights of citizens
  - c) Directive Principles of State Policy
  - d) Fundamental Duties
- 3) Union Government:
  - a) Parliament-Composition Powers and Functions
  - b) President, Powers and Position.

c) Prime Minister and his Cabinet.

4) Judiciary:

A) Composition B) Functions of Judiciary C) Judicial Review in India.

### **References:**

- 1) Granville Austin, Indian Constitution Corner Stone of a Nation, Oxford University Press, 1966
- 2) D.D. Basu, An Introduction to Indian Constitution, New Delhi, Prentice Hall, 2005.
- 3) W.H. Morris Jones, Government and Politics in India, OUP, Delhi, 1974.
- 4) Iqbal Narain, Indian Government and Politics, Minakshi Meerat, 1967.
- 5) M.V. Pylee, An Introduction to Constitution of India, Vikas, New Delhi, 1998.
- 6) S.P. Sathe, Judicial Activism in India, OUP 2001
- 7) S.K. Chaube, Constituent Assembly of India, Peoples Building House, Delhi, 1966.
- 8) भास्कर भोळे – भारताचे शासन आणि राजकारण श्री. विद्या प्रकाशन नागपूर, 2001
- 9) बाचल आणि गोळवलकर, भारताचे संविधान आणि राजकारण, पुणे, 1990
- 10) त्र्यं. क. टोपे, भारताचे संविधान, विद्यापीठ ग्रंथनिर्मितीमंडळ, नागपूर 1983
- 11) भारताचे संविधान, भारत सरकार, विधिमंत्रालय प्रकाशन, 1996.

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## **Semester – I**

### **Modern Indian Political Thought :**

☆ **SOC D1, PSE, PAPER-02**

#### **Social Reforms & Nationalism**

- 1) Indian Renaissance & Social Reforms.
  - a) Ram Mohan Roy
  - b) Swami Dayanand
  - c) Jotiba Phule

- 2) Liberal Political Ideas
  - a) Dadabhai Naoroji
  - b) Justice M. G. Ranade
  - c) G. K. Gokhale
- 3) Nationalist Political Thought
  - a) Shri. Aurobindo
  - b) B. G. Tilak
- 4) Religion & Nationalism :
  - a) Savarkar's Hindu Nationalism
  - b) Muslim Nationalism of Jinnah
  - c) Composite Nationalism of Azad.

### **Reference Books:**

- 1) A. Appadorai, Documents on political thought in Modern India, 02 Vols., Oxford University Press, Bombay, 1970.
- 2) B. Chandra, Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India, Vikas, Delhi, 1979.
- 3) D. G. Dalton, India Idea of Freedom : Political thought of Swami Vivekananda, Aurobindo, Ghose, Mahatma Gandhi and Rabindranath Tagore, Academic Press, Delhi, 1982.
- 4) A. R. Desai, Social background of Indian Nationalism, Popular, Bombay, 1954.
- 5) S. Ghose, From Renaissance to Militant Nationalism, Allied Publishers, Bombay, 1969.
- 6) K. P. Karunakaran, Modern Indian Political Tradition, Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 1962.
- 7) K. P. Karunakaran Indian politics from Dadabhai Naoroji to Gandhi : A study of political Ideas in Modern India, Gitanjali, New Delhi, 1975.
- 8) T. Pantham and K. Deustch (ed), Political thought in Modern India, Sage, New Delhi, 1986.
- 9) V.P. Verma, Modern Indian Political Thought, Laxmi Narain Aggrawal, Agra, 1974.
- 10) J. P. Suda, Main currents of Social and Political thought in Modern India, Vol. I and II, K.Nath, Meerutt, 1970
- 11) प्रा. भा. ल. भोळे, आधुनिक भारतातील राजकीय विचार, श्री विद्या, नागपूर, 2004
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## **Semester – I**

### **Development Administration in India**

#### **☆ SOC D1, PSE, PAPER-03**

- 1) Development Administration:
  - a) Meaning, Nature and Scope of Development Administration:
  - b) Similarities and Differences between Public Administration and Development Administration.
  - c) Characteristics of Administration in Developing Countries
- 2) Policies of Development:
  - a) With special reference to Agriculture and Industry.
  - b) With special reference to Education and Health.
  - c) With special reference to weaker Sections.
- 3) New Trends in Peoples self-development and empowerment:
  - a) With special reference to SCs and STs
  - b) With special reference to women and children.
- 4) Role of International Agencies in Development:
  - a) World Bank
  - b) IMF
  - c) Asian Development Bank.

#### **Reference Book:**

- 1) R. K. Arora and S. Sharma (ed.) Comparative and Development Administration : Ideas and Action, Arihant, Jaipur, 1992.
- 2) G. F. Grant, Development Administration, Concepts, goals, Methods, Maddison Dst. Uni 1979.
- 3) C. P. Bhambri, Administration in changing society, National, Delhi, 1978.

- 4) M.Bhattacharya, Bureaucracy and Development Administration, Uppal, Delhi, 1979.
  - 5) P.W. Purushottam & M. Karamatullah, Development Administration: A Rural perspective, Kanishka, Delhi, 1993.
  - 6) F. W. Riggs(ed.) Frontiers of Development Administration, Duke Uni, Durham, 1970.
  - 7) K. B. Shrivastava, New Perspectives in Development Administration in India, New Delhi, Concept, 1994.
  - 8) M. Umapathy, Development Administration Today, Meenakshi, Mysore, 1994.
  - 9) S. P. Varma and S. K. Sharma (edi). Development Administration, I.I.P.A. New Delhi, 1984.
  - 10) N. R. Inamdar, Development Administration in India.
  - 11) V. A. Paipanandikar, Development Administration in India Mc Millan, 1975.
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## **Semester – I**

### **Foundations of India's Foreign Policy**

#### **☆ SOC D1, PSE, PAPER-04**

- 1) Ideological Foundations of India's Foreign Policy:
  - a) Impact of Freedom Movement
  - b) Principles and objectives of Foreign Policy.
  - c) Policies of the Congress Party and Leadership of Pandit Nehru and Indira Gandhi
- 2) Factors Influencing India's foreign Policy:
  - a) Geographical Factors
  - b) Impact of Culture, Society, Religion and Economy
  - c) International Conditions and emergence of Bi-polar World.
- 3) The Ministry of External Affairs:
  - a) organization of Ministry of External Affairs.
  - b) Role of Ministry and diplomats
  - c) The Role of the Prime Minister in India's Foreign Policy.

- 3) Different Phases in India's Foreign Policy:
  - a) The Idealist Phase (1947 TO 1962)
  - b) The Realist phase 1962 to 1990
  - c) Post-cold war phase : post 1991 period
  - d) Continuity and Change in India's Foreign policy

### **References:-**

- 1) A. Appadorai :- 'Domestic roots of India;s Foreign policy' New Delhi, Oxford University press, 1981.
- 2) J. N. Dixit; Indian Foreign Policy & its neighbours, Gyan Publishing House, New Delhi, 2001.
- 3) George Modelski – A Theory of Foreign Policy, London.
- 4) V. P. Dutt, India's Foreign Policy, Vikas, New Delhi, 1999.
- 5) M. S. Rajan, Studies in India's Foreign Policy, New Delhi.
- 6) B. A. Prasad : India's Role in the Future of SAARC, in Strategic Analysis, Delhi, February 1995.
- 7) Mansingh S. India's Foreign Policy in 21<sup>st</sup> Century, Foreign Policy Institute, New Delhi, 1999.
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### **Semester – I, SOC D1, PSE, PAPER-05 State in Ancient India**

- 1) Nature and Sources of Ancient Indian Political Thought:
  - a) Nature of Ancient Indian Political Thought
  - b) Sources of Ancient Indian Political Thought
- 2) Theories of State in Ancient India.
  - a) Theories of Origin of State.
  - b) The Saptanga Theory of State.
  - c) Calamities befalling the State.
  - d) Forms of State in Ancient India.
- 3) The Republics in Ancient India:
  - a) Nature of Republics in Ancient India.
  - b) Functioning of Republics.
  - c) Causes of Decline of Republics.

- 4) Inter-State relations in Ancient India.
  - a) Four expedients of Foreign Policy
  - b) Six devices of Foreign Policy.
  - c) Mandala Theory of inter-state relations.

### **Reference-**

- 1) Altekar A. S. State & Government in India, Motiram Banarasdas Patna 1958.
- 2) U. N. Ghoshal – History of Indian Ideas Oxford University Press, 1966.
- 3) R. S. Sharma, Some aspects of Ideas & Institutions in Ancient India, Motiram Banarasidas, Delhi, 1968.
- 4) K. P. Jayaswal – Hindu Polity – Butterworth, Culcatta 1924.
- 5) R. P. Kangle – The Arthashastra of Kautilya, 3 vols. Univeersity of Mumbai, Mumbai-1975.
- 6) J. W. Spellman – Political Theory in Ancient India, Oxford at Clarendon Press, 1964.
- 7) Pratap Giri R. The Problem of the Indian Polity, Gyan Publications, Delhi, 1935.
- 8) डॉ. रामशरण शर्मा – प्राचीन भारतातील राजकीय विचार आणि संस्था डायमंड पब्लिकेशन, पुणे, 2006
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- 10) र. प. कंगले – प्राचीन भारतीय राजनीती, मौज, मुंबई 1975
- 11) रा. शां. मोरखंडीकर, प्राचीन भारतीय राजनीती, परिमल प्रकाशन, औरंगाबाद, 1982
- 12) दि. का. गर्दे, प्राचीन भारतीय रातकीय विचार – विद्यापीठ ग्रंथनिमिर्ती मंडळ नागपूर 1980

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### **Semester – I, SOC D1, PSE, PAPER-06**

#### **Political Sociology**

- 1) Nature and Scope of Political Sociology
  - a) Intellectual background of Political Sociology.
  - b) Karl Marx – Class, State and Revolution.

- c) Max Weber – Class, Status and Authority.
- 2) Approaches to the Study of Political Sociology:
  - a) System Approach
  - b) Structural - Functional Approach
  - c) Marxist Approach
- 3) Political processes:
  - a) Political Socialization and its agencies
  - b) Political Culture and its different forms
- 4) Political Participation and Communication:
  - a) Forms of Political Participation
  - b) Methods and techniques of Political participation
  - c) Problems of Political Participation
  - d) Political Communication as an instrument of participation and public opinion

### **Reference –**

- 1) Almond G.A. & Coleman J.S. (ed) – The politics of Developing Areas – Princeton University Press Princeton New Jersey, 1960, Reprint 1970
- 2) Almond G. A. & Powell G. B. – Comparative Politics – A Development Approach, Amermind Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd New Delhi, 1972
- 3) Dahl Robert – Modern Political Analysis – Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1965
- 4) Deutsch K. Nationalism & Social Communication M. I. T. 1967.
- 5) S. M. Lipset – Political Man – Prentice Hall- New Delhi, 1968
- 6) A. K. Mukhopadaya – Political Sociology
- 7) पुराणिक आणि इनामदार – राजकीय समाज शास्त्र
- 8) गर्दे आणि बाचल – आधुनिक राजकीय विश्लेषण, भाग 1 व 2  
विद्यापीठ ग्रंथनिर्मिती मंडळ, नागपूर, 1973

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## **Semester – I, SOC D1, PSE, PAPER-07**

### **Politics of Developing Countries**

- 1) Nature of Politics of Developing Countries:
  - a) Impact of Colonialism
  - b) Socio-cultural and Economic Conditions in third world Countries
  - c) Impact of National Liberation movements.
- 2) Three Different Perspectives to the study of Developing Countries:
  - a) Developmental Perspective
  - b) World System theory perspective
  - c) Theory of under development
- 3) Nature of Colonialism and Anti-Colonialism:
  - a) Genesis and Nature of Colonialism
  - b) Nature and Forms of National Liberation Movements
- 4) Emergence of Independent States in Third World
  - a) Emergence of two forms of states : the Marxist and Non-Marxist states and their development strategies.
  - b) The problems of nation-building in these states.

### **Reference –**

- 1) Almond G and Powell G. B., Comparative Politics – A Developmental Approach, Harper Collins, 2000.
- 2) S. Amin, Accumulation on a world scale – A Critique of theory of under development, Monthly Review, 1974
- 3) Kothari R. (Ed), State and Nation Building in third world countries, Vikas, Delhi, 1975.
- 4) Wallerstein, I, - The Modern World System, Academic press, New York, 1974.

- 5) Frank A. G. Dependent, Accumulation and Underdevelopment, Monthly Review Press, New York, 1978.
- 6) Samuel Huntington, Politics of Transitional Societies, University of Oklahoma Homa Press, 1991.
- ७) Change in pattern of military Policy, Eillionois Prepress Glenco, 1962.
- 8) J Manor (ed.) Rethinking Third world Politics, Harlow, Longman 1991.
- 9) गोपाळ राणे, नववसाहतवाद, एल. युनिव्हर्सिटी प्रेस, 1968
- 10) गर्दे बाचल, आधुनिक राजकीय विश्लेषण, विद्यापीठ ग्रंथनिर्मिती मंडळ, नागपूर, 1973

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## **Semester – I, SOC D1, PSE, PAPER-08**

### **Women and Political Theory**

- 1) Feminist Approach to Political Theory:
  - a) Meaning of Feminist Approach
  - b) Relationship between State and Power
  - c) Historical Developments from Mary Wolstonecroft to Simean de Beuavoir
- 2) Women and Political Theory- Liberal Approach
  - a) Liberal Feminism
  - b) Social- Democratic Feminism
  - c) Radical Feminism
- 3) Women and political Theory-Socialist Approach
  - a) Socialist Approach
  - b) Marxst Approach
  - c) Eco-Feminism- Vandana Shiva
- 4) Indian Feminism:
  - a) Jotirao Phule and Tarabai Shinde
  - b) Agarkar and Ranade
  - c) Mahatma Gandhi

## **Reference –**

- 1) H. Eisenstein, "Contemporary Feminist Thought, UnWin, London, 1984.
- 2) Z. A. Eisenstein (ed), "Capitalist Patriarchy & the case of socialist Feminism", Monthly Review Press, London, 1979.
- 3) Z. A. Eisentcin (ed), "The Radical Future of Liberal Feminism", Longman. (1981)
- 4) J. Evans, "Feminism & Political Theory," London, 1986.
- 5) J. Grant, "Fundamental Feminism, : Contesting the Core concepts of Feminist Theory, Roatledge, 1993.
- 6) Julliet Mitchell and Ann Oakley (ed), What is Feminism, Blackwell, 1986.
- 7) Simone de Beauvoir, "The Second Sex," Pan Books, 1988.
- 8) Kate Millett, Sexual Politics, Granadams Publishing, 1971
- 9) M. Meis, Eco-feminism, Atlantic Highlands NJ. , 1993.
- 10) M. Evans (ed.), The Women Question, Fontana, London, 1972.
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- 13) B. Friedman, "The Feminine Mystique," Pengain, Harmondsworth, 1965.
- 14) Vandana Shiva, Staying Alive Women, Ecology and Development, Books, 1989.
- 15) छाया दातार, छाया प्रकाश, ग्रंथाली, मुंबई, 1985
- 16) भोळे आणि बेडकीहाळ(सं), "शतकांतरीच्या वळणावर," आंबेडकर अकादमी, सातारा, 2006
- 17) विद्युत भागवत आणि वंदना पलसाने, "स्त्री जीवनाची गुंतागुंत." स्त्री अभ्यास केंद्र, पुणे विद्यापीठ, 1995.
- 18) ताराबाई शिंदे, "स्त्री पुरुष तुलना" प्रतिमा पुणे, 2005
- 19) शरद जोशी, चांदवडची शिंदोरी, शेतकरी प्रकाशन, पुणे, 1988

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**M. A. Part I, Semester I**  
**Paper No.: 9**  
**SOCIAL EXCLUSION AND DISCRIMINATION**

**Unit 1:**

**Meaning, Concept, Scope and Consequences of Social Exclusion and Discrimination:**

- (a) Meaning and Concept of Social Exclusion and Discrimination.
- (b) Scope of Social Exclusion and Discrimination.
- (c) Consequences of Social Exclusion and Discrimination.

**Unit 2:**

**History, Forms and Contemporary trends of Social Exclusion and Discrimination:**

- (a) History of Social Exclusion and Discrimination.
- (b) Forms of Social Exclusion and Discrimination (caste, race, gender, religion, class, and environment).
- (c) Contemporary trends: New Economics Policy of (i) Liberalization, (ii) Privatization, Globalization.

**Unit 3:**

**Social Reform Movements in India:**

- (a) With reference to Chh. Shahu Maharaj and Mahatma Phule.
- (b) With reference to Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar and Vittal Ramaji Shinde.
- (c) With reference to Narayan Guru and Periyar.

**Unit 4:**

**Dalit Literary Movement:**

- (a) Concept of Dalit and Dalit Literature.
- (b) Varna System, Origin of Dalit and Untouchability.
- (c) Role of Literature and Social Change.

**Basic Readings**

**Unit 1:**

1. Sen A. (2000), Social Exclusion: Concept, Application and Scrutiny, Asian Development Bank.
2. Haan Arjan (1997), Poverty and Social Exclusion: A Comparison of Debates on Deprivation: Poverty Research Unit, Suxxex University, Brighton.

3. Thorat S. K. (2003), Caste, Exclusion/Discrimination and Deprivation : The Situation of Dalits in India, Concept Paper for DFID, Delhi,

**Unit 2:**

1. Dreze Jean and Amartya Sen (1995), India : Economic Development and Social Opportunity, Oxford University Press, Delhi.
2. Sharma R. S. (1980), Sudras in Ancient India, (Second ed.), Motiram Banaradan.
3. Omvelt Gail (1976), Cultural Revolt in a Colonial Society, Bombay.
4. Ambedkar B. R., Who Were the Shudras , Vol. Govt. of Maharashtra, Mumbai.
5. Thorat S. K. (2003), Caste, Exclusion/Discrimination and Deprivation : The Situation of Dalits in India, Concept Paper for DFID, Delhi,

**Unit 3:**

1. Natarajan S., A Century of Social Reforms Movements in British India.
2. Kenneth W. Jones (1999), Socio-Religious Reform, Newyork, Cambridge, ER.
3. Omvedt G. (2003), New Social Movements in India, Oxford, Delhi.

**Unit 4 :**

- १.भालचंद्र फडके : दलित साहित्य : वेदना आणि विद्रोह, श्रीविद्या प्रकाशन, पुणे, प्रथमावृत्ती, १९७७
- २.बाबुराव बागूल : दलित साहित्य आजचे क्रांतिविज्ञान

## **Semester II**

☆ **SOC D – PSC – Paper – 03**

### **Core Papers**

### **Political Theory of Democracy and Development**

- 1) Theories of Development and Under Development.
  - a) Theories of Development
  - b) Theory of Under development and Dependent State
  - c) The World System Theory : Emanuel Wallerstein
- 2) New Theories of Democracy:
  - a) Joseph Schumpeter's Theory of Elite Competition
  - b) Robert Dahl's Theory of Pluralism
  - c) C.B.Macpherson's Theory of Participatory Democracy
- 3) Political Theory of Feminism and Environmentalism
  - a) Feminism
    - i) Liberal Feminism
    - ii) Marxist Feminism
    - iii) Socialist Feminism
    - iv) Radical Feminism
    - v) Indian Feminism
  - b) Environmentalism:
    - i) Green Political Theory
    - ii) Ecologism & Environmentalism
- 4) Post-Modernism & Multi Culturalism
  - a) Post-Modernism
  - b) Multiculturalism
  - c) Communitarianism

### **Reference –**

- 1) Festenstein Mathew, Kenny Michael, (ED.) Political Ideologies : A Reader & Guide, OUP, 2005
- 2) R Plant Modern Political Thought, Oxford Blackewll, 1991
- 3) Macpherson C.B. Life & Times of Liberal Democracy, OUP, 1979
- 4) Cresigny, D Minigue (Ed) Contemporary Political Thinkers, Methuen,

- London, 1975
- 5) Ray B.N.(Ed) Contemporary Political Thinking, Kanishka, Delhi, 2000
  - 6) Held David, Models of Democracy, Cambridge, 1987
  - 7) Goodin R. E. , Green Political Theory, Cambridge, 1992
  - 8) W. Kymlicka, Multicultural Citizenship, Oxford, The Clarendon Press, 1995
  - 9) गर्दे दि. का. राजकीय सिध्दांत, विद्यापीठ ग्रंथनिर्मिती मंडळ, नागपूर 1978
  - 10) भोळे भास्कर, आधुनिक राजकीय सिध्दांत व विश्लेषण, श्रीविद्या, नागपूर 2006.
  - 11) जोशी शरद, चांदवडची शिदोरी, शेतकरी प्रकाशन, अलिबाग, 1986
  - 12) भागवत विद्युत, वंदना पळसाने, स्त्री जीवनाची गुंतागुंत, स्त्री अभ्यास केंद्र, पुणे विद्यापीठ, 1995.

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## **Semester II**

### **☆ SOC D – PSC – Paper – 04**

## **Government and Administration**

- 1) Civil Service and Bureaucracy:
  - a) Recruitment, Training, Promotion and Morale,
  - b) Generalist – Specialist Controversy,
  - c) Bureaucracy – Committed Bureaucracy and Modernization,
  - d) Whitley Councils,
- 2) Financial Administration:
  - a) Budgetary Process,
  - b) Parliamentary Control over Financial Administration,
  - c) Accounting and Auditing,
- 3) Administrative Law:
  - a) Delegated Legislation,
  - b) Administrative Tribunals,
  - c) Administrative Adjudication,
- 4) Administrative Improvement:

- a) Scientific Management,
- b) O and M,
- c) Removal of Corruption, Ombudsman, Lokpal and Lok Ayukta,
- d) Public Administration in the age of globalization,

### **Reference –**

- 1) Chabra S., Administrative Tribunals.
- 2) Sathe B. P., Administrative Law in India.
- 3) Sharma M. P. and Sadana B. L. Public Administration – Theory and Practice.
- 4) S. R. Maheshwari, Theories and Concepts in Public Administration, Allied, Delhi, 1991.
- 5) R. Avasthi and Maheshwari, Public Administration, Laxminarain Aggarwal, Agra, 1996
- 6) Rumki Basu, Public Administration, Concepts and Theories (2<sup>nd</sup> Ed)
- 7) P. R. Dubhashi, Recent Trends in Public Administration, Kaveri, Delhi, 1995
- 8) एन. आर. इनामदार – लोकप्रशासन, महाराष्ट्र विद्यापीठ ग्रंथ निर्मिती मंडळ, 1975.

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## **Semester II – Elective Papers**

### **☆ SOC D1 – PSE – Paper – 10**

#### **Political Process in India**

- 1) Centre – State Relations :
  - a) Constitutional Provisions
  - b) Emerging Trends and Issues in Centre – State Relations
  - c) Demand for Formation of New States
- 2) Political Parties and Pressure Groups:
  - a) Political Parties – Nature, Ideologies and Programmes



- b) Changing Pattern of Party System
  - c) The role of Coalition Politics
  - d) Pressure Groups in Indian Politics
- 3) Major Issues in Indian Politics:
- a) Caste,
  - b) Religion,
  - c) Language.
- 4) Political Economy:
- a) Relations between Society, Polity and Economy,
  - b) Performance of Planning in India,
  - c) Impact of New Economic Policy on Indian Politics.

### **Reference Books :**

- 1) Granville Austin, Working of a Democratic Constitution – The Indian Experience, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2000
- 2) D. D. Basu, An Introduction to the Constitution of India, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1994
- 3) P. R. Brass, Politics of India Since Independence 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Cambridge university Press, 1974
- 4) F. R. Frankel, India's Political Economy 1947-1977, The Gradual Revolution, OUP, 1978
- 5) F. R. Frankel & M. S. A. Rao (Ed) Dominance and State Power in Modern India : Decline of a Social order, Vols. I and II OUP, Delhi, 1989
- 6) S. Kaushik (ed) Indian Governemnt and Politics, Delhi University, Directorate of Hindi Implementation, Delhi, 1999
- 7) Marris Jones, Government and Politics in India, Delhi 1974
- 8) Myron Weiner, The Indian Paradox : Essays in Indian Politics, New Delhi, 1999
- 9) किशोर बेडकीहाळ (सं), भारतीय राजकीय प्रक्रिया, आंबेडकर अकादमी सातारा, 2004
- 10) किशोर बेडकीहाळ आणि भोळे(सं), शतकांतराच्या वळणावर आंबेडकर अकादमी, सातारा, 2004

- 11) पळशीकर सुहास, समकालीन भारतीय राजकारण : काँग्रेस वर्चस्व ते हिंदू जमातवाद, प्रतिमा प्रकाशन पुणे, 2004
- 12) एस. पी. साठे, भारतीय राज्यघटनेची पन्नास वर्ष.
- 13) भास्कर भोळे, भारताचे शासन आणि राजकारण, श्री विद्या नागपूर 2004.
- 14) बाचल वि. मा. व गोळवलकर स. म. भारताचे संविधान व राजकारण, पुणे, 1990.

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## **Semester II**

### **☆ SOC D1 – PSE – Paper – 11**

#### **Modern Indian Political Thought : Sarvodaya, Socialism and Democracy**

- 1) Gandhi & Vinoba
  - a) Gandhi on Truth, Non violence & Satyagraha
  - b) Gandhi's Theory of State
  - c) Vinoba : Lokniti & Sarvodaya
- 2) Theories of Democracy
  - a) Politics of Annihilation of Caste – Periyar and Shahu
  - b) Dr. Ambedkar's theory of Social Democracy
  - c) New Humanism : Theory of Radical Democracy : M. N. Roy
- 3) Socialism:
  - a) Democratic Socialism of Jawaharlal Nehru
  - b) Sarvodaya & Socialism: Jayaprakash Narayan
  - c) Socialist Ideas of Ram Manohar Lohia
- 4) Communist Thought in India
  - a) The CPI: The Politics of Democratic Revolution
  - b) The CPM: The Politics of People's Democracy
  - c) CPI (M-L) : Politics of Revolution: The Maoist Perspective

## **References –**

- 1) Appadorai Documents on Modern Indian Political thought OUP 1972-73
- 2) Suda : Main Currents of Political thought in modern India Vol. 2-4, K-Nath Meerut. 1999.
- 3) Verma V. P. Modern Indian Political thought L. N. Agrawal Agra 2004.
- 4) Ghosh Shankar : Socialism, Democracy & Nationalism, Allied, Mumbai, 1969.
- 5) Pantham & Deutsch (ed.) Political thought in Modern India, Sage Delhi, 1986.
- 6) Desai A. R.- Social background of Indian Nationalism Popular, Mumbai 1975
- 8) Rare Kharaih A. M., Dr. B. R. Ambedkar – Politics of Emancipation, Sindhu, Mumbai 1969
- 9) Sharma G. N. Shakir M. Politics and Society, Parimal Aurangabad. 1979
- 10) Parekh Bhiku, Political thought of Mahatama Gandhi, Ajantha, Delhi 2000
- 11) Iyer, R. Moral and Political Ideas of Maharma Gandhi, Oxford. 1971.
- 12) Omvedt Gail, Dr. Ambedkar & Dalit Movement in Colonial India, New Delhi, Sage, 1994
- 13) Cultural Revolt in a Colonial Society Scientific Socialist trust, Mumbai, 1978
- 14) Kavlekar K. K. Non-Brahmin Movement in South India and the D. M. K. Shivaji University, Kolhapur, 1979.
- 15) विनोबा, सर्वोदय दर्शन आणि स्वराज्य शास्त्र, परमधाम प्रकाशन, वर्धा 1999
- 16) Kavlekar & Chousalkar, Political Ideas and Leadership of Dr. Ambedkar, Ajab, 1990.
- 17) पांढरीपांडे, स्वराज्य : दिशा आणि दर्शन, प्रतिमा प्रकाशन, पुणे, 2007  
गांधी विनोबांच्या विचारांवरील चिकित्सक लेख, प्रतिमा, 2007
- 15) चौसाळकर अशोक (सं.), महाराष्ट्रातील गांधीवादाचा विकास आणि अन्वयार्थ, शिवाजी विद्यापीठ, कोल्हापूर, 2003

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## **Semester II**

### **☆ SOC D1 – PSE – Paper – 12**

## **Development and Planning in India**

- 1) Machinery of Development – Planning Commission,
  - a) Role of Planning Commission in Socio-Economic Development,
  - b) Role of NDC in Planning,
  - c) Five Year Plans – An Evaluation.
- 2) Planning at State level and District Level:
  - a) State Planning Boards-Objectives and Functions,
  - b) District Planning Boards-Objectives and Functions,
  - c) Role of State and District Planning Boards in Regional Development.
- 3) Rural Development:
  - a) Community Development Programme,
  - b) Role of Panchayati Raj in Rural development,
  - c) 73<sup>rd</sup> Constitutional Amendment and its Implications.
- 4) Urban Development:
  - a) Role of Municipal Corporations in Urban Development,
  - b) Role of Municipalities in Urban Development,
  - c) 74<sup>th</sup> Constitutional Amendment and its Implications.

## **References –**

- 1) Sharma S.& Arora R. K. (ed) “Comparative Development Administration”, Ideas & Action, Jaipur, Arihant 1992.
- 2) Prasad K (ed) Planning & its implementation, New Delhi, IIPA, 1984
- 3) Purushottam P. W.& Karmatulla M. Development Administration, a Rural perspective, Delhi, Kaniska 1993.
- 4) Sharma A. K. Planning for Rural Development Administration, Jaipur Rawat, 1995.
- 5) Bajpayi A. Panchayat Raj & Rural Development, Sahitya Prakashan, Delhi, 1997
- 7) Maheshwar Shriram, Local Government in India, Laxminarayan Agrawal,

- Agra, 1996
- 8) Hoshtiar Singh 7 Monindar Singh, Pub Administration in India, Sterling Publishes, Delhi, 1995.
  - 9) R. Hooja, Planning Concepts, Setting and State level application, Jaipur, Alok, 1979.
  - 10) G. Ram Reddy, Patterns of Panchayati Raj in India, MacMillan, Delhi 1971
  - 11) Somasekhara, State's Planning in India, Bombay, Himalaya, 1984.
  - 12) पाटील पि. बी. – पंचायत राज्याकडून लोकराज्यांकडे समाजवादी प्रबोधिनी, इचलकरंजी, 2000

## Semester II – Elective Paper

### ☆ SOC D1 – PSE – Paper – 13

#### **India's Foreign Policy – Politics of Disarmament and Peace**

- 1) India and Non-Alignment Movement:
  - a) India's Role in Non-Alignment Movement (NAM),
  - b) Panchasheel,
  - c) Contribution of NAM and Its Relevance.
- 2) India's Foreign Policy with Major Countries:-
  - a) U.S.A.,
  - b) Russia,
  - c) China.
- 3) India's Foreign Policy with Neighboring Countries:-
  - a) Indo-Pak Relations,
  - b) SAARC,
  - c) Central Asian Countries,
  - d) The South East Asian Countries.
- 4) Major Issues in India's Foreign Policy:-
  - a) India and the United Nations,
  - b) India's Nuclear Policy and Disarmament,

- c) India's Foreign Policy and New Economic World Order,
- d) Human Rights and Environmental Issues.

### **References –**

- 1) Cohen Stephen, (ed) Security of South Asia
- 2) M. S. Rajan, Non-Alignment & the non-alignment movement in the present world order, Konark, Delhi, 1994
- 3) Dixit J. N. Indo-Pak relations
- 4) Jasjit Singh, (ed) India-China & Panchasheel, Sanchar, Delhi, 1996
- 5) Babu Ramesh (ed) Globalization & South Asian States, South Asian Publication, New Delhi, 1998
- 6) Jha N. K., (ed) India's Foreign Policy in Changing World, New Delhi South Asia Publishers, 2000
- 7) Mansing (ed), India's Foreign Policy in 21<sup>st</sup> Century, Delhi, 1999
- 8) देवळाणकर शैलेंद्र, समकालीन जागतिक राजकारणातील प्रमुख प्रश्न, विचार प्रकाशन, औरंगाबाद, 2005
- 9) सुनील दाते (संपा) भारताचे परराष्ट्र धोरण,
- 10) देवळाणकर, शैलेंद्र – भारताचे परराष्ट्र धोरण, प्रतिमा, पुणे 2007.

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### **Semester II – Elective Paper**

#### **☆ SOC D1 – PSE – Paper – 14**

### **Government in Ancient India**

- 1) The King in Ancient India
  - a) Qualifications,
  - b) Consecration Ceremony and its Significance,
  - c) Powers and Functions of the King.
- 2) The Council of Ministers in Ancient India:
  - a) Composition,
  - b) Qualifications,
  - c) Functions.

- 3) Assemblies in Ancient India:
  - a) Vedic Assemblies – Sabha, Samiti and Vidatha,
  - b) Paura & Janapada,
  - c) Functions of Assemblies in Ancient India.
- 4) Administration of the State:
  - a) Central Administration,
  - b) Local Self Government,
  - c) Judicial Administration.

### **Reference –**

- 1) Altekar A. S. – State and Government in Ancient India, Motiram Banesidas, Patana, 2004
- 2) Ghoshal U. N. – History of Indian Life Vols. 1 & 2 OUP, 1965-66
- 3) H. N. Sinha – Development of Hindu Polity – Asia Publishing House, Bombay, 1963.
- 4) R.C. Mujumdar – Corporate life in Ancient India – K. L. Mukhopadhyay, and co. – Kalkatta, 1979.
- 5) Radha Kumud Mukharji – Local Govt. in Ancient India, Oxford University 1920
- 6) डॉ. रामशरण शर्मा – प्राचीन भारतातील राजकीय विचार आणि संस्था, डायमंड पब्लिकेशन, पुणे 2006
- 7) R. S. Sharma – Some Aspect of Political Ideas & Institutions in Ancient India, Motiram Banarasidas, Delhi, 1968
- 8) K. P. Jayswal – Hindu Polity – Butterworth Calcutta 1924
- 9) र. प. कंगले – कौटिल्याचे अर्थशास्त्र – महाराष्ट्र साहित्य व संस्कृती मंडळ, मुंबई, 1985
- 10) रा. शा. मोरखंडीकर – प्राचीन भारतीय राजनीती, परिमल प्रकाशन, 1982
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## **Semester II**

### **☆ SOC D1 – PSE – Paper – 15**

## **Politics and Modernization**

- 1) Political Modernization:
  - a) Distinction between Traditional and Modern Societies,
  - b) Modernization and Social Integration,
  - c) Modernization and Development.
- 2) Political Parties and Pressure Groups:
  - a) Political Parties – their Social Bases and Role in Democracy,
  - b) Pressure Groups – Nature and Functions,
  - c) Relationship between parties and pressure groups.
- 3) Political Elites:
  - a) Theories of Elitism,
  - b) The Role of Political Elites in Political Process,
  - c) Elites and Democracy.
- 4) State and Society in India:
  - a) Democracy and Bureaucracy,
  - b) Politics of Caste, Religion and Culture,
  - c) Challenges before Indian Democracy.

## **Reference –**

- 1) Rajani Kotnari (ed) – Caste in Indian Politics.
- 2) Parry G. – Political Elites, 1969
- 3) Sartori G. Parties & Party System – A Frame work for Analysis Vol. I  
Cambride Uni. Press, Cambridge U. K. 1976
- 4) Duverger M – Political Parties, Methuen & Co, Ltd. U. K. 1972
- 5) David Apter, Politics of Modernization, A Framework of Analysis,  
Chicago university, 1965.
- 6) Lucian Pye and Sydney Verba (ed), Political Culture and Political  
Development, Princeton University Press, New Jersey, 1972
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- Decline of Social Order, Vol 1 & 2 OUP, 1990-91.
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  - 9) P. R. Brass, Language, Religion, and Politics in North India, Cambridge University, Delhi, 1999
  - 10) Thomas Blom Hansen, The Saffron Wave : Democracy and Hindu Nationalism in Modern India, Princeton N. J. Princeton University Press, 2000
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## **Semester II**

### **☆ SOC D1 – PSE – Paper – 16**

#### **Nation Building and Post Colonial State:**

- 1) Constitutionalism in Developing Countries -
  - a) Liberal democratic Countries – India, South Africa, Malaysia,
  - b) Marxist Counties – China, Cuba, Vietnam,
  - c) Iran and Arab Countries.
- 2) Political Institutions and Political Parties in developing Countries -
  - a) Political Institutions,
  - b) Political parties,
  - c) Causes of their Inadequate Development.
- 3) Political Leadership -
  - a) Nature and Role of Political leadership,
  - b) The Rise of Dictatorships,
  - c) The Role of Military in Politics,
  - d) Democratic Upsurge after 1990.

- 4) National Integration -
  - a) The Problems of National Integration in Multi-Religious, Multi-Ethnic Societies,
  - b) The Challenges before Federalism.

### **Reference –**

- 1) A. Pourgevani – Development & Democracy in Third world.  
Boulder Colorado, Worldview Press, 1991
- 2) J. Haynes – Third World politics – An Introduction, Croom Helm, 1985
- 3) Harry Eckstein & David Apter “Comparative Politics”,  
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- 4) V. Randall, (ed), Political Parties in the Third World, London SAGE  
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Critical Introduction to Third World Politics, London, Macmillan, 1985
- 6) Midal, Strong Societies and Weak States, State Society Relations and  
State Capabilities in the Third World, Princeton, N. J. Princeton  
University Press, 1988
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Comparative Introduction”, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed. London Macmillan, 1993
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- 10) Jean Blondel, “An Introduction to Comparative Government,  
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Military relationship-1957,
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- 14) गोपाल राणे, ‘नव वसाहतवाद’
- 15) गर्दे, बाचल, ‘आधुनिक राजकीय विश्लेषण’, भाग 1–2, विद्यापीठ ग्रंथ निर्मितीमंडळ  
नागपूर 1974

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## **Semester II**

### **☆ SOC D1 – PSE – Paper – 17**

## **Women & Politics**

- 1) Feminist Theory of Democracy & Representation:
  - a) Women's Franchise Movement,
  - b) Political Participation of Women,
  - c) The Problem of Representation of Women,
  - d) The Problem of Political Reservation.
- 2) Women, Politics & Social Movements:
  - a) Movements, Politics & Gender Justice,
  - b) Feminist Movement in India – Phase-I ( Liberal Phase)
  - c) Feminist Movement in India – Phase-II ( Radical Phase)
- 3) Feminist Theory of State:
  - a) Social Justice & Equal Participation,
  - b) Alternative Politics & Green Politics,
  - c) Politics of Peace & Peaceful Coexistence.
- 4) Feminist Movement & Socio-Cultural Perspectives:
  - a) Women & Cultural Domination of Patriarchy,
  - b) Women, Caste Inequality & Oppression,
  - c) Women & Communal Violence.

## **Reference-**

- 1) मेधा नानिवडेकर, 'महाराष्ट्रातील स्त्री प्रश्नाचा मागोवा (1975 पासून), प्रतिमा प्रकाशन, पुणे, 2006
- 2) विद्युत भागवत, स्त्री प्रश्नाची वाटचाल, प्रतिमा प्रकाशन पुणे, 2004
- 3) रोहिणी गव्हाणकर, महाराष्ट्रातील राजकारणात स्त्रियांचा सहभाग
- 4) भारती पाटील, ' स्त्रियांचा राजकारणातील सहभाग', समाजवादी प्रबोधिनी, इचलरंजी 1988

- 5) H. Eisenstein, Contemporary Feminist Thought, London, University, 1984
- 6) J. Evan's Feminism and Political Theory, London 1986
- 7) J. Grant, Fundamental Feminism : Contesting the Core Concepts of Feminist Theory, Routledge, 1993

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**Semester II**  
**Paper No.: 18**

**INCLUSIVE POLICIES FOR ELIMINATING DISCRIMINATION**

**Unit 1:**

**Meaning, Significance of Social Inclusion and Sustainable Development:**

- (a) Meaning of Social Inclusion.
- (b) Significance of Social Inclusion.
- (c) Sustainable Development of Social Inclusion

**Unit 2:**

**Constitutional Provisions, Role of Governmental and Social Inclusion:**

- (a) Constitutional Provisions and Governmental Efforts concerning Social Inclusion of SC/ST, Minorities and OBC
- (b) Constitutional Provisions and Governmental Efforts concerning Women.
- (c) Constitutional Provisions and Governmental Efforts concerning Environment

**Unit 3:**

**Politics of Inclusive Policy and Role of Judiciary:**

- (a) Concerning SC/ST, Minorities and OBC.
- (b) Concerning Women and Environment.
- (c) Role of Judiciary.

**Unit 4:**

**Impact of Inclusive Policies:**

- (a) Impact of Inclusive Policies
- (b) Measurement of impact analysis.
- (c) Socio-Economic uplift of backward communities, minorities, OBC and Women

## **Basic Readings**

### **Unit 1:**

1. Basu, D. D., An Introduction to Indian Constitution
2. Borale, D. T., Politics of Segregation and Desegregation in India.
3. Jafforlate India's Silent Revolution.
4. Raj, K. N. (2006), Inclusive Growth, K. N. Raj on Economic Development, Sametsha Trust, Mumbai.
5. Rodriques, V., The Essential Ambedkar (Second ed.), Oxford, Delhi, 2006.
6. Sharma S.L. 'Perspectives on Sustainable Development in South Asia' in Samad(Ed.) ADIPA.

### **Unit 2:**

1. Basu, D. D., An Introduction to Indian Constitution
2. Borale, D. T., Politics of Segregation and Desegregation in India.
3. Jafforlate India's Silent Revolution.
4. Raj, K. N. (2006), Inclusive Growth, K. N. Raj on Economic Development, Sametsha Trust, Mumbai.
5. Rodriques, V., The Essential Ambedkar (Second ed.), Oxford, Delhi, 2006.

### **Unit 3:**

1. Basu, D. D., An Introduction to Indian Constitution
2. Borale, D. T., Politics of Segregation and Desegregation in India.
3. Jafforlate India's Silent Revolution.
4. Raj, K. N. (2006), Inclusive Growth, K. N. Raj on Economic Development, Sametsha Trust, Mumbai.
5. Rodriques, V., The Essential Ambedkar (Second ed.), Oxford, Delhi, 2006.
6. Basin Kamla (2003), What is Patriarchy ? , Gender Basics, Women Unlimited, New Delhi.
7. Bhasin Kamla, (2003), Understanding Gender, Gender Basics, Women Unlimited, New Delhi.
8. Liddle, Joanna and Joshi Ram (1986), Doughters of Independence, Gender Caste and Class in India, Koti for Women, New Delhi.
9. Datar, Chhaya (2003), Status of Women in Maharashtra An Update, Tata Institute of Social Sciences, Mumbai.

### **Unit 4:**

1. Basu, D. D., An Introduction to Indian Constitution
2. Borale, D. T., Politics of Segregation and Desegregation in India.
3. Jafforlate India's Silent Revolution.

4. Raj, K. N. (2006), Inclusive Growth, K. N. Raj on Economic Development, Sametsha Trust, Mumbai.
5. Rodriques, V., The Essential Ambedkar (Second ed.), Oxford, Delhi, 2006.
6. Basin Kamla (2003), What is Patriarchy ? , Gender Basics, Women Unlimited, New Delhi.
7. Bhasin Kamla, (2003), Understanding Gender, Gender Basics, Women Unlimited, New Delhi.
8. Liddle, Joanna and Joshi Ram (1986), Doughters of Independence, Gender Caste and Class in India, Koti for Women, New Delhi.
9. Datar, Chhaya (2003), Status of Women in Maharashtra An Update, Tata Institute of Social Sciences, Mumbai.